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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
10/576,447	07/14/2006	Peter Jan Leonard Mario Quaedflieg	4662-177	2419
23117 NIXON & VAN	7590 06/03/200 NDERHYE. PC	EXAMINER		
901 NORTH GLEBE ROAD, 11TH FLOOR			CHANDRAKUMAR, NIZAL S	
ARLINGTON, VA 22203			ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
			1625	
			MAIL DATE	DELIVERY MODE
			06/03/2008	PAPER

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

The time period for reply, if any, is set in the attached communication.

	Application No.	Applicant(s)				
	10/576,447	QUAEDFLIEG ET AL.				
Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit				
	NIZAL S. CHANDRAKUMAR	1625				
The MAILING DATE of this communication ap	pears on the cover sheet with the c	orrespondence address				
Period for Reply						
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPL WHICHEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE MAILING D - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.1 after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. - If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period - Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailin earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	ATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION (36(a). In no event, however, may a reply be tin will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from e, cause the application to become ABANDONE	N. nely filed the mailing date of this communication. D (35 U.S.C. § 133).				
Status						
1) Responsive to communication(s) filed on <u>04/0</u>	3/2008					
· <u> </u>	s action is non-final.					
·—						
closed in accordance with the practice under <i>l</i>	·					
Disposition of Claims						
4)⊠ Claim(s) <u>1-11</u> is/are pending in the application.						
4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdrawn from consideration.						
5) Claim(s) is/are allowed.						
6) Claim(s) <u>1-11</u> is/are rejected.						
7) Claim(s) is/are objected to.						
8) Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/c	or election requirement.					
Application Papers						
9)☐ The specification is objected to by the Examine	er.					
10) ☐ The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a) ☐ accepted or b) ☐ objected to by the Examiner.						
Applicant may not request that any objection to the drawing(s) be held in abeyance. See 37 CFR 1.85(a).						
Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correc	tion is required if the drawing(s) is ob	jected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d).				
11)☐ The oath or declaration is objected to by the Ex	xaminer. Note the attached Office	Action or form PTO-152.				
Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119						
12)⊠ Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f).						
a) ☑ All b) ☐ Some * c) ☐ None of:						
1. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received.						
2. ☐ Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No3. ☒ Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage						
application from the International Burea	· ·	ad in this National Stage				
* See the attached detailed Office action for a list		ed.				
						
Attachment(s)						
1) Notice of References Cited (PTO-892)	4) 🔲 Interview Summary					
2) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) 3) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO/SB/08)	Paper No(s)/Mail Da 5) ☐ Notice of Informal P					
Paper No(s)/Mail Date <u>04/03/2008</u> .	6) Other:					

DETAILED ACTION

Applicant's response filed 04/03/2008 is acknowledged.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 112

The following is a quotation of the first paragraph of 35 U.S.C. 112: The specification shall contain a written description of the invention, and of the manner and process of making and using it, in such full, clear, concise, and exact terms as to enable any person skilled in the art to which it pertains, or with which it is most nearly connected, to make and use the same and shall set forth the best mode contemplated by the inventor of carrying out

his invention.

Previously presented rejection of claim 1 under 35 U.S.C. 112, first paragraph, is maintained because the specification, while being enabling for the claimed oxidation using TEMPO, does not reasonably provide enablement for the generically claimed TEMPO-derivatives of formula.

Applicant's arguments filed 04/03/2008 have been fully considered but they are not fully persuasive.

Thus, Applicant's arguments overcome the rejection with respect to variables Y and R5 and R6.

The rejection with respect to R1, R2, R3 and R4 is maintained for reasons of record. Applicant states that, examiner's did not provide 'acceptable evidence'. Further, Applicant states that examiner's argument (that the art of organic chemistry is unpredictable and as such the claimed efficiency with TEMPO will be obtained when TEMPO derivatives are used in place of TEMPO without providing substantial support for such a suggestion) is based mainly on assumptions. In addition, Applicant states that the unpredictability in the state of the art is stated without providing any evidence or supporting basis. Applicant further states that 'a considerable amount of experimentation is permissible, it is merely routine'.

Examiner's response,

a) with regards to the breadth of the claims: guidance in the form of citation for possible sources for the starting materials or literature citation for making the starting materials in lieu of disclosure with respect to the variables R1, R2, R3 and R4 examples is absent in the specification.

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b) with regards to unpredictability and level of skill in the art: Applicant 'surprising' observation (see page 1 of the specification), is in itself is indicative of the unpredictability in the art, in view of the disclosure of Ermlolenko et al. (Synlett 2001, 10, 1565, see page 1565-. It is unclear if TEMPO itself failed or the *methods* of Ermlolenko et al that contributed to the failure.

c) with regards to considerable (routine) experimentation: Applicant's claims are themselves are based on routine experimentation of Ermlolenko et al. teachings of the use of TEMPO that applicant describes as teaching away from TEMPO (see below).

Based on the evidence in the specification, at the time the application was filed, enablement is present for the use of commercial TEMPO for the oxidation of Solketals.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

- 1. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:
 - (a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.
- 2. The rejection of claims 1-11 under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Jenny Christian-Johannes et al. EP 0775684 A1 is maintained.
- 3. Applicant argues that the later work of Ermolenko et al. (cited above), teaches away form TEMPO is not capable of catalyzing the oxidation and thus one of ordinary skill in the art would not be motivated to have success when using TEMPO. Ermolenko et al. statement that TEMPO oxidation methods were unsuccessful is inconclusive because,
- 4. a) Ermolenko et al do not disclose what <u>method or methods</u> that did not work
- 5. b) Ermolenko et al. do not disclose what is the skill level of the experimenter

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6. c) Ermolenko et al.do not disclose if all the methods/variations disclosed in the prior art teachings of Jenny Christian-Johannes et al. were tried.

TEMPO has been used extensively for the oxidation of alcohols over many years and is well known in the area of organic synthesis. Organic reactions need optimization of reaction conditions, it is routine. Thus, a reaction that does not work with a certain reaction condition (as with Ermolenko et al.) is indicative of requirement of optimization and identification of alternate reaction conditions. As stated by the applicant that 'a considerable amount of experimentation is permissible, it is merely routine'. One skilled in the art of organic chemistry, exploring efficient methods of oxidizing Solketals would be motivated to do just this, identify alternate reaction protocols taught by Jenny Christian-Johannes et al.

Conclusion

- 7. Applicant's arguments do not overcome the 35 U.S.C. 112, first paragraph rejection with respect to the variables R1, R2, R3 and R4.
- 8. Applicant's arguments are not persuasive to overcome the rejection under 35 U.S.C. 103(a).

9.

THIS ACTION IS MADE FINAL. Applicant is reminded of the extension of time policy as set forth in 37 CFR 1.136(a).

A shortened statutory period for reply to this final action is set to expire THREE MONTHS from the mailing date of this action. In the event a first reply is filed within TWO MONTHS of the mailing date of this final action and the advisory action is not mailed until after the end of the THREE-MONTH shortened statutory period, then the shortened statutory period will expire on the date the advisory action is mailed, and any extension fee pursuant to 37 CFR 1.136(a) will be calculated from the mailing date of the advisory action. In no event, however, will the statutory period for reply expire later than SIX MONTHS from the mailing date of this final action.

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to NIZAL S. CHANDRAKUMAR whose telephone number is (571)272-6202. The examiner can normally be reached on 8.30 AM - 4.30 PM.

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If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor,

Janet Andres can be reached on 571 0272-0867. The fax phone number for the organization where this

application or proceeding is assigned is 571-273-8300.

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application

Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from

either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through

Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should

you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC)

at 866-217-9197 (toll-free). If you would like assistance from a USPTO Customer Service Representative

or access to the automated information system, call 800-786-9199 (IN USA OR CANADA) or 571-272-

1000.

Nizal S. Chandrakumar

/D. Margaret Seaman/

Primary Examiner, Art Unit 1625